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# **A ~4.16 Ga impact event on the Moon recorded by lunar meteorite NWA 5000**

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To assess the lunar impact flux, it is crucial to date large-scale impacts. Such an event might have formed the gabbroic clast material in lunar meteorite NWA 5000 [1] between 3.2 and 4.2 Ga [2,3]. To better constrain its crystallization age, we performed sequential leaching of ~0.2 g of the gabbroic material with different acids, obtaining seven fractions from which Pb was separated for isotope ratio measurements [4,5,6]. A preliminary four point Pb-Pb isochron yielded a ~4.16 Ga date. Crystallization at this time is in line with the 4.1-4.2 Ga age of an impact melt-forming event proposed by [2] on the basis of a Sm-Nd model age, but is significantly older than the  $3.2 \pm 0.1$  Ga age [3] based on disturbed  $^{40}\text{Ar}/^{39}\text{Ar}$  spectra. The sample's initial Pb is concordant with a 'Feldspathic Highland Terrane'-like target rock [2] and thus might date an event not recorded by the Apollo samples.

[1] Humayun, M. & Irving, A.J. (2008) Goldschmidt Conf., A402. [2] Grange et al. (2016) 79<sup>th</sup> MetSoc, #6300. [3] Fernandes V.A. (2009) Goldschmidt Conf., A365. [4] Borg et al. (2011) Nature 477, 70-72. [5] Lugmair, G.W. & Galer, S.J.G. (1992) GCA 56, 1673-1694. [6] Todd, E. et al. (2015) Geochem Geophys 16, 2276-2302.

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